A N N U A L R E P O R T

COMMISSION FOR EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND SPAIN

PROGRAM YEAR 1969

Covering Exchange from
July 1, 1969 to June 30, 1970

October 5, 1970

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INTRODUCTION

In accordance with Section 832 of the
the Commission for Educational Exchange
America and Spain submits herewith its Annual Report on the educational exchange program and other activities carried out under Public Law 256, 87th Congress for the period July 1, 1969, through June 30, 1970.

This is the eleventh Annual Report of the Commission. It deals with the main aspects of the program during its ninth full year.

The main developments which occurred during the reporting year are the following:

The United States government contributed $ 70.000 to the Program for 1969-70.

The Spanish government contributed $ 75.000 to the Program for the 1969-70.

The total of American grantees during the program year 1969-70 was 21; the total of Spanish grantees to the United States was 124 including 41 new grantees.

Mr. Ramón Bela, Executive Director of the Commission, made his customary visit to the United States to attend the Modern Language Association in Denver as delegate from the Institute of Hispanic Culture at the end of December.

Mr. Bela also visited the University of Texas and Washington University in St. Louis. In May, Mr. Bela returned to the United States for the opening of the Spanish Institute in New York.

Miss Susan Griswold, Program Officer, attended the Berlin Conference from April 1 to 7, 1970.

The Commission had the pleasure of receiving Mr. John Richardson, Under Secretary of State, in October, 1969. Mr. Guy Coriden, Director of the European Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs visited the Commission from May 21-23, 1970. Many distinguished members of the American academic community also visited the Commission while in Madrid, as well as many Rectors, Deans and Professors from Spanish Universities.

Relations between the Commission, the Department of State, the Board of Foreign Scholarships in Washington, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Education and Science in Madrid remain very cordial.

The cooperation of the Commission and the Embassy continues to be very closed and fruitful. The Public Affairs Officer, Mr. Albert Harkness, as

well as the Cultural Attaché, Mr. Edward H. Mattos, until he departed Spain and the Assistant Cultural Attaché, Mr. Millard L. Johnson, Jr., have devoted a great deal of attention to the Program. They have a clear understanding of its problems and effect an intelligent and cordial effort in their relations with the Spanish government representatives. This relationship clearly indicates that favorable conditions for an improvement of our relations and increase in our exchange do, in fact, exist. The Spanish government is interested in having the cooperation of the United States in regard to the new Educational Reform Law. It is believed that if the Commission interprets the desires of the Ministry of Education well, it may lead to a larger rôle in Spanish Education in the future.

I. ADMINISTRATION

A. [illegible]

1. Commission Membership

During the period under review in this Annual Report, several changes were made in the membership of the Commission.

On March 1, 1970, Mr. Edward Mattos, Cultural Attaché of the United States Embassy and Chairman of the Commission, was transferred to Kuala Lumpur. His duties as Chairman of the Commission were taken over for the remainder of the term by Mr. Albert Harkness, Public Affairs Officer.

On September 5, 1969, Mr. John R. Campbell, Assistant Cultural Attaché of the United States Embassy in Madrid and Treasurer of the Commission, was transferred to Washington, D.C. Mr. Millard L. Johnson, Jr. was appointed Assistant Cultural Attaché and took over the duties of Treasurer of the Commission.

Dr. Morton Rosenbaum, Resident Director, California State Colleges Program in Madrid, returned to his post in Hayward, California. Mr. William Barnes, President of ESSO Iberia, was appointed in his place.

Mr. Antonio Poch y Gutierrez de Caviedes, Special Delegate for Cultural Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Vice Chairman of the Commission, was transferred to another office of the MFA. Mr. José Pérez del Arco, former Ambassador to Manila and former member of the Commission, was appointed Director General for Cultural Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and took over the position of Vice Chairman of the Commission.

Mr. Luis Mariñas, Chief, Cultural Affairs, Bureau of Cultural Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, was appointed vice-director general of Latin American affairs at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and resigned as member of the Commission. Mr. Pedro Segú Martín, Technical Secretary General of the Ministry of Education and Science took his place in the Commission.

Mr. Luis Sánchez Agesta, Rector of the Autonomous University of Madrid was replaced by Mr. Federico Mayor, Rector of the University

of Granada. Mr. Angel González Alvarez, Secretary General of the Higher Council for Scientific Research, was replaced by Mr. José Luis Ramos, Subdirector of Superior Technical Education of the Ministry of Education and Science.

Mr. Andrés Pérez Masiá, Assistant Secretary General of the Higher Council for Scientific Research, and Mr. Carlos Manuel Fernández Shaw, Subdirector of Cultural Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, were appointed to the Commission as observers.

Mr. Antonio de Juan Abad, who previous to March, 1970 was Subdirector General of Scientific Investigations and Cooperation, was appointed Technical Vice-Secretary General of the Presidency of the Government. Mr. de Juan continues to be in charge of matters relative to scientific investigation within the government. He continues as a member of the Commission.

At the June 12, 1970 meeting, Mr. Pérez del Arco was elected President of the Commission, Mr. Harkness was elected Vice-President, Mr. Johnson, Treasurer, and Mr. Ramos, Vice-Treasurer.

The Board of Directors, therefore, as of June 30, 1970, was as follows:

a. American Members:

Mr. Albert Harkness, Public Affairs Officer, American Embassy in Madrid.
Vice Chairman of the Commission

Mr. Millard L. Johnson, Jr., Assistant Cultural Attaché in charge of educational exchange.
American Embassy in Madrid.
Treasurer of the Commission

Miss Ilene E. Avery, Director, International Institute for Girls, Miguel Angel, 8
Madrid.

Dr. James Stamm, Resident Director, New York University Center in Madrid.

One position is vacant but Mr. Leopold Arnaud is expected to be moved to the Commission to fill it.

b. Spanish Members:

Mr. José Pérez del Arco, Director General of Cultural Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs,
Madrid

Mr. Antonio de Juan Abad, Technical Vice-Secretary General of the Presidency of the Government
Madrid

Mr. Pedro Segú y Martín, Technical Secretary General, Ministry of Education and Science
Madrid

Mr. José Luis Ramos, Subdirector of Higher Technical Education, Ministry of Education and Science,
Madrid

Mr. Federico Mayor, Rector of the University of Granada

Mr. Andrés Pérez Masiá, Assistant Secretary General of the Higher Council for Scientific Research, Observer

Mr. Carlos Manuel Fernández-Shaw, Subdirector of Cultural Relations Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Observer

2. Commission Staff

The Commission most regretfully accepted the resignation of Miss Matilde Medina, Assistant Director. Miss Medina resigned from the Commission effective July 1, 1970, almost eleven years of loyal [illegible] service. Miss Medina's contribution to the Commission is [illegible] Her sincere desire to help and her friendliness will be [illegible] by all grantees. Miss Medina is a true representative of Spanish womanhood at its finest and will be surely missed by all.

Miss Susan Griswold who was appointed Program Officer [illegible] the [illegible] on June 11, 1969, resigned as of June 30, 1970. Miss [illegible] to the United States to continue her graduate studies at [illegible]

As a result of the resignations of Misses Medina and [illegible], the Commission staff has been fully [illegible]. The positions of [illegible] Director and Program [illegible] have been [illegible]. In their place, the Commission has [illegible] three [illegible] Assistant Program [illegible] Miss María Nieves Jimeno after 7 years of excellent service to the [illegible] in the capacity of Secretary, has been promoted to the position of Assistant Program Officer.

Miss Elizabeth Anderson joined the Commission staff on March 1, 1970 as Assistant Program Officer.

Miss Mary Therese Clark also joined the staff as Assistant Program Officer on May 11, 1970.

Mrs. María Dolores Ramírez, Secretary, was granted a six month leave of absence due to illness. The Commission was very happy to see Mrs. Ramírez back for full-time work on June 1, 1970.

Miss [illegible] joined the Commission staff as Secretary on [illegible] A[illegible], 1970.

Ramón Bela	Executive Director
María Nieves Jimeno	Assistant Program Officer
Elizabeth Anderson	Assistant Program Officer
Mary Therese Clark	Assistant Program Officer
María Dolores Ramírez	Secretary
María Luisa Suárez-Inclán	Secretary
Angel Muñoz	Messenger

Mr. Fernando García continues to work for the Commission as Fiscal and Administrative Officer on a part-time basis.

B.

The Commission Offices are still in the National Library at Paseo de Calvo Sotelo, 20. The [illegible] no rent, and water, light and heat are furnished. Except for the [illegible], the location and the utilities, the savings to the Program can be [illegible] at some $15.000 per year. This is a conservative estimate bearing in mind the general rise in the cost of living, particularly in rent, that Spain continues to experience.

The Ministry of Education and Science is presently renovating the National Library Building. It is their desire to have the building house only those offices which have a direct connection with the National Library. For this reason, the Commission has been asked to move its offices to the old Faculty of Medicine Building on calle de Atocha where many of the offices of the Ministry of Education will be located. The Commission will have approximately the same amount of space as in its offices in the National Library. The Ministry of Education is presently modernizing the facilities at the new location. It is likely that the Commission will be required to pay at least for the furniture. There is also a problem with heating since the building at present, does not have a central heating system. It is hoped that once the central heating system is installed, the Commission will not have to pay for heat. The Ministry of Education will continue to pay for these offices.

C.

The Spanish Government contribution of $575.000 was received on August 21, 1969. This contribution coupled with the United States Government contribution of $ 70.000 brought the total allocation to $ 145.000. The Spanish Government contribution represents 51.73% of the total; the United States Government contribution represents 48.27%.

T

The Commission accounts were audited by Arthur Andersen & Co. which submitted its report on December 12, 1969.

D. [illegible]

The Commission's Bank Account continues to be with the Banco Español de Crédito.

E. Bonded Personnel

The Chairman, the Treasurer, the Executive Director and the Fiscal and Administrative Officer are bonded by the Fidelity and Deposit Co., of Maryland, Washington, D.C.

II. [illegible]

A. [illegible]

The American Lecturer Program in Spain continues to improve in effectiveness, as it was indicated in the Annual Report of 1969.

The major emphasis was placed, as in previous years, on the teaching of English and of American Literature. In sciences, the program was reduced to one lecturer in Barcelona and one part-time lecturer in Madrid.

American Professors were teaching in the following universities:

Project 2--English as a Foreign Language: Deusto
Granada
La Laguna
Madrid
Oviedo
Santiago
Sevilla
Valencia
Valladolid

Project 5--Pure and Applied Sciences: Barcelona
Madrid

As last year, the American lecturers also taught courses other than the programmed subject materials.

The American lecturers for 1969-70 were:

Project 2 - English as a Foreign Language:

Professor Jane CRONIN - University of Valencia

- University of La Laguna

- University of Deusto

- University of Valladolid

- University of Santiago

- University of Madrid

- University of Granada

- University of Sevilla

- University of Salamanca

- University of Oviedo

Project 5 - Pure and Applied Sciences:

- University of Madrid

- Autonomous University of Barcelona

B. Spanish Grantees

1. Announcements and Competitions

Announcements were widely publicized in local newspapers and posters were sent to universities, centers of higher education, the Ministry of Education and Science, and other official centers and the American consulates throughout Spain, in the categories:

- Exchange
- Research Scholars, Students
- for Youth Leaders and
- in American Studies
- Elias Program

2. Selection of Candidates

a. Screening of Spanish Students

As is done every year, application blanks were sent either directly to the Commission or through American consulates, universities secretariats, or "Comisarías de Protección Escolar".

The Commission reviews each application and immediately informs those who are ineligible for whatever reason. This centralization is essential given the number of places and persons through which application blanks are distributed and the necessity to unify and systematize procedures.

Preliminary who have met the basic requirements in consists of an English test and an interview given at each center by an American Fulbright Lecturer in English or by the American Program Officer where there

is none. The first test used is the ALIGU Form G, H or I.

There are as many screening committees as there are university districts: Barcelona, Bilbao, Granada, La Laguna, Madrid, [illegible] Oviedo, Salamanca, Santiago de Compostela, Sevilla, [illegible] Valladolid and Zaragoza. Each screening committee is [illegible] by the Commission at the proposal os Spanish members [illegible] Ministry of [illegible] the Spanish universities and the Commission among [illegible].

The American members are proposed by the American consulates or by the Cultural Section of the American Embassy in Madrid.

Once the oppointements are ratified by the Commission, the Chairman is chosen, usually the person who, by reason of his activities or rank would be best informed of the aims of the Program.

Normally towards the end of September the Commission writes the Rectors of the Spanish universities submitting the names of the proposed screening committee. When the Rector approves the committee, the Commission writes the American consulates and the members of the [illegible] informing them of the names of the members and sending [illegible] and a copy of the applications form of each candidate [illegible] appear before the Committee.

The screening Committees in the provinces met in the second half of October, 1969. The English test was given in the morning and those candidates who successfully passed met with the committee in the afternoon.

Because of the great number of candidates, the English test in Madrid was given on two days, October 23 and 24, 1969. The screening committees met on October 27 and 28 in Madrid.

Screening Committees took the following into consideration:
- Academic record
- Project to be carried out in the United States, with special emphasis upon its value to Spain.
- Culture, personality, maturity and physical appearance.

All the above is but a preliminary selection [illegible] serves as a recomendation to the Commission. The dossiers of [illegible] candidates who pass this screening or screenings in the other [illegible] (at Fulbright Commissions, American Embassies or [illegible] are then submitted to the sub-committee, appointed by the [illegible] and composed of four members and presided by the Chairman of [illegible] Commission. This year the subecommittee was made up by Messrs. Mattos, de Juan, Johnson, Pérez Masiá, Marías and Miss Avery.

The sub-committee reviews the proposals of all the screening committees proposed in priority order and in accordance with the criteria established by the Commission, and makes a final country-wide list of candidates which is then submitted to the Commission

Institute of International Education, along with the completed application file of each final candidate.

In the student category, the Commission received 255 applications of which 163 were eliminated from the competition for one of the following reasons: failure to meet minimun requirements, failure to pass English examination, failure to pass screening committee interviw, failure to present documentation by established deadline, withdrawl from the competition.

Of the pannel of 92 candidates thus presented for the of the sub-committee, 45 candidates were selected the Commission on November 19, 1969, and for which the Institute of Education not but also grants and fellowships with the exception of one General Electric Foundation grant in the field of engineering, which was awarded by the General Electric Company in Spain at a later date to one of the Fulbright finalist. The Company selected its grantees from between 2 candidates proposed.

Business administration candidates took the ATGSB in November, 1969 and February 1970. Those candidates interested in attending the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and some other universities took the GRE in April, 1970.

The Commission itself helped place 5 of the 15 students who were placed on the Alternate List. See attachment for the list of these students.

b. Screening of the other Spanish Candidates

The screening of candidates of the following catogories, owing to the smaller number of applicants, was centralized in Madrid at the Commission office. The criteria of selection were similar to those of students. In each case, the Commission approved the screening committee's recommendation:

- Teacher Exchange
- Travel -only grants: Lecturers, Research Scholars, Students
- Council of International Programs for Youth Leaders and Social Workers (CIP)
- Salzburg Seminar in American Studies.

3. Statistics

Spanish grantees for the 1969-70 academic year fall into the following categories (See attachment 2 for list of grantees specifying name, U.S. Institution and field):

Lecturers
Research Scholars
Teacher Exchange
Students
D/BW Students
CIP Specialist
Salzburg Seminar

Total 42

C. American Grantees

The Commission received a good group of candidates in various fields and in the lecturer and student categories. After careful scrutiny they were proposed to various universities and after some preliminary changes were accepted.

American grantees for the 1969-70 academic year were placed in the following categories:

Lecturers	11 (including 1 renewal)
Students	10 (including 3 renewals)
Total	21

See the list of 1969-70 American Grantees specifying names, field and Spanish University in Attachment.

The meeting of the American Lecturers was held on April 17-18. The topics were:

1. Review of present situation and future prospects of language and

D. Orientation

1. Spanish Grantees

As stated in previous reports, Spanish grantees do not receive a formal orientation prior to departure from Spain. They attend orientation sessions in the United States as well as English language sessions.

For the third time the Institute of Hispanic Culture held an orientation course for Spanish teachers going to teach in the United States, in which Fulbright grantees were invited to participate. It was held from June 30 - July 12, 1969, in the International Summer University Menéndez Pelayo in Santander. Lecturers were the following:

Dr. Wolfe Professor University of Michigan Fulbright Lecturer	Theory and Practice of Language Teaching in the United States
Dr. Dodge Fernald Professor Bowdoin College Fulbright Lecturer	Psychological View of Student characteristics. The professor and the student in United States.
Mrs. Carmen de Jerez Cultural Section American Embassy, Madrid	Practical Advice about travel in United States
Dr. John Campbell Assistant Cultural Attaché American Embassy, Madrid	Federalism in the United States
Dr. Lorenzo Criado Professor University of Madrid	Methods of Teaching Spanish to English Speakers
Dr. Francisco Yndurain Professor University of Zaragoza	Literatures compared. Reciprocal Influences.
Dr. Eugenio Bustos Professor University of Barcelona	The Spanish in America. Areas of Validity
Dr. Manuel Criado del Val Professor University of Madrid	Orientation on the resources in Spain for the use of Professors of the Spanish Language Abroad.
Dr. Fernando de Toro-Garland Professor of Carlton University	The teaching of Spanish in the United States Universities. Evaluation of Methods and Texts.

2. American Grantees

The 1969-70 Orientation Program consisted of a two days series of lecturers dealing with contemporary aspects of Spanish History and culture. The program was held on September 25 and 26, 1969. The course was as follows:

9:00 a.m.	Briefing, Fulbright Commission.....	Fulbright Staff
10:00 a.m.	"Contrasts of Spanish and American Life"..	Mr. Amando de Miguel.
11:30 a.m.	"The Political, Economic and Social Structure of Spain".....	Mr. Salustiano del Campo
12:30	"The Spanish University".....	Mr. Edward Mattos Mr. Ramón Bela Dr. George Sidney Dr. Dodge Fornald Mr. Christopher Paddack.

Friday, September 26

10:00 a.m.	Briefing, American Embassy.....	Embassy Staff
11:45 a.m.	"American in Spain".....	Question & Answer Pannel
7:30 p.m.	Reception given by Mr. Albert Harkness	

On Saturday September 27, the grantees were taken on an excursion to Segovia. On Monday, September 29, the grantees who would be in Madrid visited the Biblioteca Nacional in order to familiarize themselves with it.

Dr. Elena Catena continues to serve as advisor to the American students grantees. She is Assistant Profensor of Spanish Literature at the University of Madrid.

As an [illegible] significant service, the Commission provides the grantees with [illegible] of screened [illegible] families who take paying [illegible] students [illegible] Staff helps the grantees get [illegible] in Madrid [illegible] in other cities.

The Commission also arranges baby-sitting and servant service, and assists in placing children in school.

A number of social [illegible] were given by Mr. Bela, Miss Medina, Mr. Mattos and Mr. [illegible] often provided valuable opportunities for [illegible] between [illegible] Grantees and members of the Spanish academic and [illegible] On Friday September, 26, a reception was held by Mr. [illegible] Affairs Officer of the United States Embassy in Madrid, on the [illegible] of the arrival of the new American Fulbright grantees for 1969-70.

E. Travel

Most American grantees came to Spain by air, TWA and PAN AM. The

American [illegible] Line suspended its Atlantic crossings. This Line had been used extensively by Fulbright grantees in previous years. The [illegible] now recommends the Italian Line to those grantees who wish to [illegible] boat. This year only one grantee came to Spain by ship; five [illegible] chose to return to the United States by ship, and one Spanish [illegible] returned to Spain by ship- either Italian Line or Spanish freighter. One grantee returned to the United States on a charter flight of the Institute of Hispanic Culture.

There was a change in the norms for sending excess baggage which came into effect in late June. Previously, grantees were permitted to send up to 25 pounds excess by air on the trip beginning the grant and up to 50 pounds on their return, or they could choose to send up to 186 pounds by ship. The Commission paid for the transportation of excess baggage from port to port. The new rule provides each grantee with up to $50 to be used for excess baggage on the initial crossing and $100 on return. This change is most beneficial for the grantees.

F.

1. American invited to Spain:

[illegible] Professor of Psychology, University of [illegible] and Fulbright Lecturer at the Rijks-universi[illegible] Leiden, [illegible] Came to Madrid in April to participate in the Psychology Seminar sponsored by the Commission and the Hispanic-American Cultural Association. He lectured on "The Idea of Man in Contemporary Psychology".

[illegible] National Psychological Association for [illegible] Lecturer at the Institute of Psychology in Bergen, Norway, also participated in the April Psychology Seminar. Dr. Greenwald lectured on "New and Old Humanities".

[illegible] Chairman Psychology Department, Bowdoin College Lecturer in 1968-69, lectured on "Personality in [illegible] Decades" at the Psychology Seminar.

[illegible] Fulbright Professor in Italy, participated in the [illegible] at the University of Santiago from April 27-30 1.970.

2. American Grantees in Spain Invited to other Counties.

G.

[illegible] Fulbright [illegible] of teaching

[illegible] the [illegible] As in Fulbright Commission in Germany. Fulbright Student Miss Judith Ginsberg, Mr. Joseph Brooks and Mr. John Owens attended.

Representing the Commission in Madrid was Miss Susan Griswold, Program Officer. The organization of the Seminar was excellent, and it dealt with topics of special interest for Fulbright Grantees.

[illegible] The Seminar is to be held August 2-22, 1[illegible] Judith Ginsberg were invited to attend.

B. [illegible]

[illegible] Various Spanish Specialists were sent [illegible] of this Seminar. Those [illegible] to the [illegible] Program are the following:

Session 121, "The Cinema". Mr. Joaquín AGUILERA Camoneda, Mr. Bernardo FERNANDEZ.

Session 122, "American Management Dynamics". Mr. Benjamín GALIANA Hortigüela and Mr. Mario MIRANDA.

Session 120, "Urban Planning". Mr. Alejandro LORCA Corrons and Miss María PEREZ SHERIFF.

III.

A. General

1. Personal Relations

The Chairman and the Treasurer of the Commission visited many Spanish Universities during the course of the year, in particular to attend the English seminar mentioned in detail in Part II, I.

2. Public Relations

The Commission relations with the Division of Cultural Relations of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Education and Science, the Higher Council for Scientific Research, the Institute of Hispanic Culture, the Spanish universities and the Hispanic-American Cultural Association continue to be excellent.

3. Miscellaneous

The positions of former Spanish [illegible] who continue in the academic world are outlined in [illegible]. It is an interesting thing, to note the reports which the [illegible] receives from American.

Juan Luis Rocio, City University of New York, Sociology: "...insatiable appetite for knowledge... a valuable member of the seminar... has all the basic and necessary qualities for intellectual, personal and professional growth... intellectually vigorous, disciplined... a sensitive man with real strength... ranks among the most deserving and I would consider help for him a wise and sound investment that will rebound to human benefits in the years ahead".

Camilo Robles, Southern Illinois University, Soil Science: "...has

ırmination and potential for intellectual growth...
:formance... very good... polite... courteous..."

ıig, University of Massachusetts, Physics: "...an outstanding
· way. Hard working, intelligent, motivated, interested..."

:os Moreno, Northwestern, Civil Engineering: "Superior in
.d like to have more like Santos..."

· years, The Commission lends a great deal of assistance
; organizations and individuals in the academic world who
ıission seeking help in general American-Spanish relations,
.es of a "getting-settled" nature, obtaining introductions
:chives or other institutions of learning, or advice on
l.

ıntees

:ated in general that the group of American professors,
:es 1969-70, was an excellent group. They have collaborated
.versities in numerious seminars, as mentioned above, and
of cases have been very active in working beyond their
ıg load both in order to give individual extra help to
assist in planning and setting up new courses and programs.

· years, Fulbright Professors [illegible] invited to participate
) of Preparation for [illegible] in North American
ırganized by the Institute [illegible] Culture and given
.onal University "Menéndez [illegible] Santander in July,
:ican Fulbright Professors who participated in the 1969
:se in Santander are mentioned in Part II, D. (page 13).

:hout any doubt many works have been published during the
'ulbright grantees, the Commission was informed of only

Hidney, 1968-70, Senior Lecturer: "For the Love of Dying",
. May, 1969

·tees

American grantees, students, research scholars and more we have had the pleasure of receiving excellent thout exception, on the Spanish grantees studying in .

f the Spanish [illegible] have not affected our grantees e although the [illegible] ties in Madrid and Barcelona were period, the [illegible] did not prejudice the work of hey were able to continue their work independently.

hasize that the [illegible] in Spain of the American university fluential in [illegible] reforms proposed in this 8, 1970, the [illegible] Law was passed. This law e-vamping of many [illegible] schools. The sed to have participated in [illegible] of these ng professors and consultants to [illegible] the [illegible] universitie "Lasuen Project" which was held in July [illegible] August, 1970. ht three well-known American professors [illegible] Economics to ly reorganise the School of Economics.

has also established new [illegible] lines [illegible] on priorities Reform Law. In order to [illegible] as possible s of the Educational Reform Law, the [illegible] has set roject priorities:

l Sciences

gy

logy

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atics

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ionces

logies of building (housing, urbanism, architecture,

The Commission intends to collaborate as fully as possible with the desires of the Ministry of Education. Such collaboration will undoubtedly be beneficial not only to the Commission but also to the Spanish universities and the many thousands of students who attend them.

Thus we see with satisfaction that [illegible] relations between Spain and the United States offer a very [illegible] at the moment, allowing for hope that cooperation between [illegible] two [illegible] will be increasingly close and fruitful.